Financial Protection of Public Assets Master Class

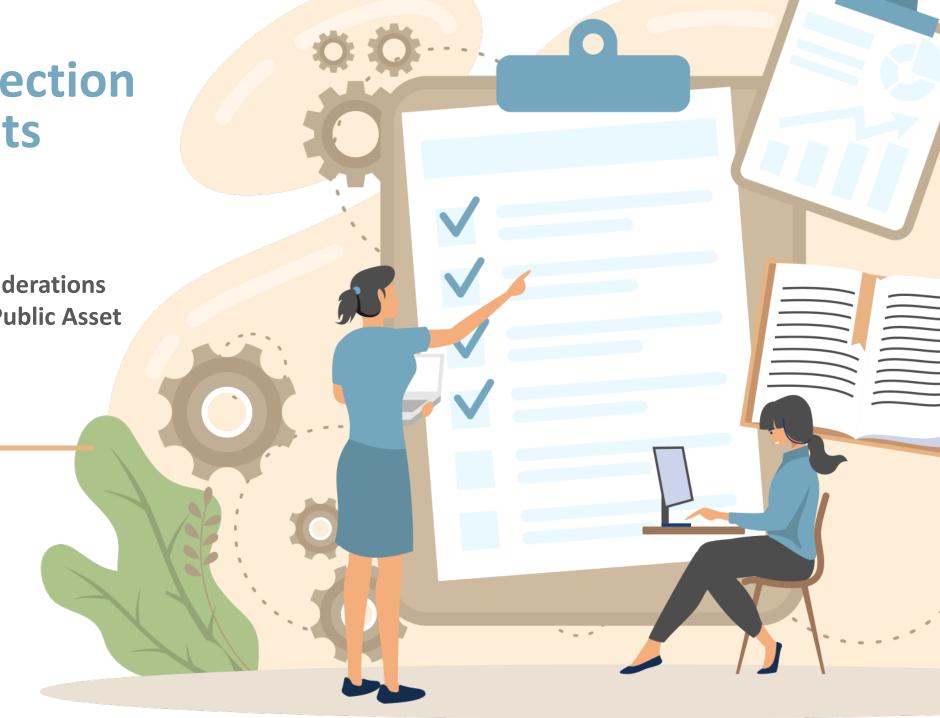
Session 1

Policy and Regulatory Considerations for Financial Protection of Public Asset Programs

Hang Thu Vu

Disaster Risk Financing & Insurance Program





Key Learning Objectives



Why effective and enabling policy, regulatory and institutional frameworks are needed



What are the necessary considerations for an enabling policy, regulatory and institutional framework



How countries develop policies and regulations for DRF for public assets



Note: This session follows on the previous on Fundamentals of DRF for public assets, more specifically on the enabling environment for successful and sustainable programs DRF for public assets and following sessions on data system and engaging with private markets

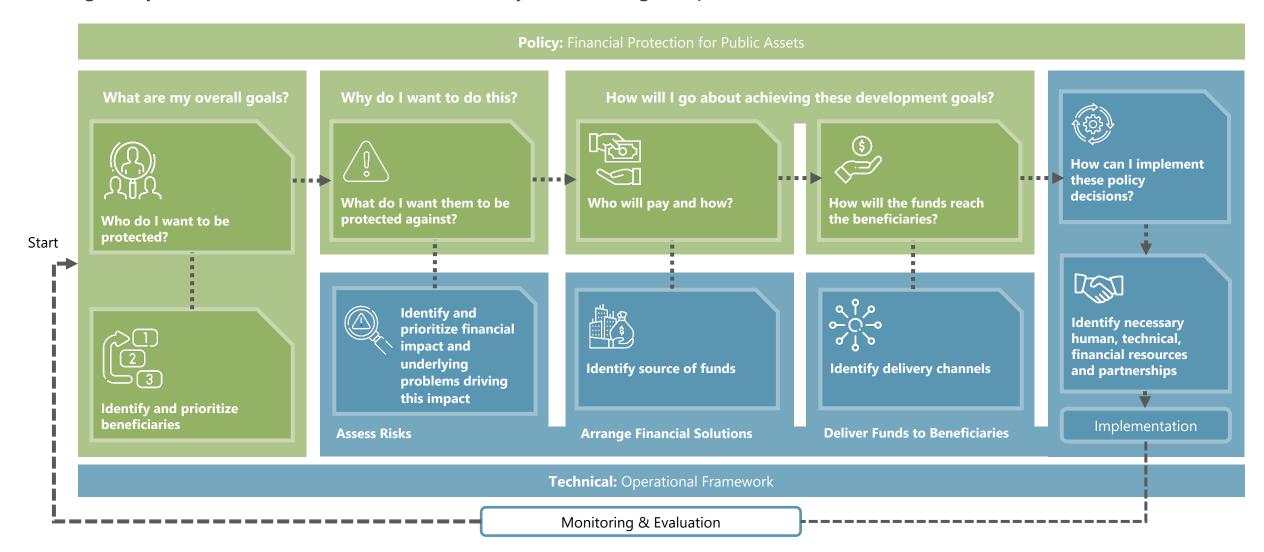
Why Effective and Enabling Policies and Regulatory Frameworks Are Needed



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Policy Framework for DRF for Public Assets – Approaches

Setting Policy for DRF for Public Assets [Green: Policy areas; Orange: Implementation]

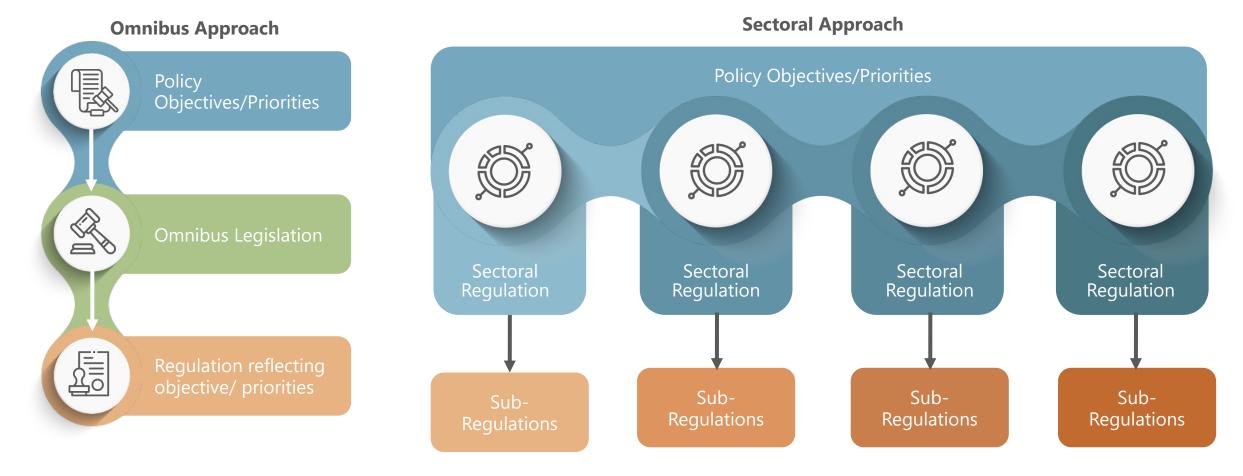


What is included in Public Asset DRF policy

	Aspect	Description							
	Mandate	Statutory authorization to undertake the respective strategies and actions							
	O Beneficiaries	Identification and prioritization of beneficiaries							
	Asset scope	Which assets will be protected under this Program							
	Perils scope	Which perils (e.g., natural disasters) will apply							
Public Asset	Allocation of roles & responsibilities	Identification of which entities will be responsible for governing, managing, and administering a public asset financial protection program							
Policy	Governance arrangements	How will the Program be monitored and evaluated over time							
	Funding arrangements	How will implementation be funded, and how will operational costs/premiums be allocated							
	Participation scope & obligations	Which entities can participate, and is participation mandatory or voluntary							
	DRF instrument scope	Which DRF instruments will/can be used							

Regulatory and Institutional Framework for DRF for Public Assets - Approaches

Effective regulation and institutional arrangements comes from policy objectives/priorities for financial protection of public assets and serve as a bridge between policy objectives and implementation



Regulatory Framework for DRF for Public Assets – Key Considerations

Public Asset DRF cuts across many policy and legislative areas



Regulatory Framework for DRF for Public Assets – Key Considerations

	Aspect		Description
		Disaster risk management	 Physical and social resilience (building codes, investment in risk reduction, etc.) Operational preparedness Post-disaster response and recovery operations
Public Asset DRF Legislation and regulation		Public Asset Management	 Financial risk management of public assets (financing risk reduction, residual risk financing) Asset valuation Asset data management
		Public Financial Management	 Budget management including premium financing Disbursement of funding post-disasters Accounting of payouts and audit of use of payouts
	\$ \$	Macro-fiscal management	Fiscal risk managementIdentification and management of contingent liabilities
	898	National-subnational cost-sharing	- Cost-sharing arrangement between national government and subnational governments
		Financial/Insurance Sector	 Product regulation including reinsurance in/outside one country Insurers' reserving, capital adequacy, security (ratings) Consumer protection
		Procurement	- Centralized, decentralized, collective procurement

DRF Policy and Regulatory Frameworks for Public Assets DRF: Select Examples

		Australia	Canada	Indonesia	Japan	Mexico	New Zealand	Peru	Philippines	United States	Vietnam	Colombia
Legal, institutional framework	Key laws, regulations governing financial risk management of public assets	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Comprehensive financial protection strategy against natural disasters			✓		✓		✓	✓			✓
	- Including for financing public asset rehabilitation and reconstruction			✓		✓			✓			✓
	Explicit post-disaster cost-sharing arrangement between central and local levels for public assets	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	
en	Systematic assessment of total disaster-related contingent liability for public assets	✓				✓					\checkmark	
e- sk sk	Use of probabilistic cat risk modeling	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Pri disa ris assess	Centralized database of public assets	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	\checkmark	✓
	Systematic and comprehensive contingency planning	✓	✓		✓		✓			✓		
Financing risk reduction	Financing risk reduction	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Capex/investments	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓		✓	
	Recurrent budget	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
	Integrate disaster risk into land use planning	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
	Retrofitting	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	\checkmark
	Resilience building code	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Building disaster mitigation infrastructures	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓
	Dedicated disaster reserve, including for public asset rehabilitation and reconstruction		✓	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
	Recurrent budget line for public asset rehabilitation and reconstruction		\checkmark		✓			✓		\checkmark	\checkmark	
isi	General contingency budget		✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			✓	✓
	Contingent line(s) of credit							✓	✓			✓
np	Use of insurance	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
esi	Centralized procurement for public asset insurance											✓
9	Disaster risk pooling (domestic)	✓		✓		✓	✓		✓	✓		
Financing residual risk	Issued catastrophe bonds					✓				✓		
	Budget reallocation/appropriation	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
	Public borrowing				✓		✓		✓			✓
	Post-disaster tax increases	✓			✓							✓
	Post-disaster tax breaks			✓							✓	
Post-disaster	Tracking of post-disaster expenses for public asset rehabilitation and reconstruction	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓

Other considerations

The legislative/regulation drafting process should account for the following:



Early consultation with all relevant ministries/authorities involved.



Allow room for flexibility: lessons will be learned in the early years of Program operation. It's important to allow enough legislative/regulatory flexibility to adapt to necessary changes, challenges, and opportunities.

Strike a balance between policy considerations and technical considerations



Build in a requirement for monitoring and evaluation, lessons learned and continuous improvement review points



Account for the time it takes to draft, consult, and approve legislation/regulation (as well as amendments to existing legislation/regulation)



Pre-engage with experts to ensure the strategies, mandates, actions embedded in legislation/regulation are realistic, relevant, and effective in the context of overarching objectives



Questions for Discussion

Has your country embarked on the development of policies and regulatory frameworks for financial protection of public assets? Where the country currently stands?

What are the challenges your government faces during such development process? What the government can do to overcome these challenges?

When you return to your home country, what would you advise your senior management in improving the policy and regulatory framework for better financial protection of public assets?



Thank You

Disaster Risk Financing & Insurance Program



